

An Adaptive Iso-Geometric Analysis for solving plane problems

Umesh Basappa^{*1}, Amirtham Rajagopal²

¹ Graduate student, IIT Hyderabad, India, ce12p0004@iith.ac.in

² Assistant Professor, IIT Hyderabad, India, rajagopal@iith.ac.in

Key words: Iso-Geometric Analysis, hierarchical refinement, adaptive strategies.

ABSTRACT

In the present work, an adaptive Iso-Geometric analysis [1] is presented for solving plane problems. The rate of convergence of the solution are studied by considering h - and rh - refinements. The choice of control mesh is arbitrary resulting in highest estimated error. One of the classical way to reduce the error is by studying the adaptive refinement strategy. The effect of such method relies on how accurately we measure the error in numerical solution. The classical approach is to estimate the point-wise interpolation error in Sobolev space: $e = u - u^h$. There exist even other methods for error estimation, see [2, 3].

Point-wise interpolation error estimation is not direct in Iso-Geometric analysis as the solutions are not interpolatory functions. In the proposed method, we considered hierarchical B-spline function as sufficiently smooth function to be in Sobolev space. In this regard, the interpolation error estimated are acceptable as the continuity properties are retained.

Let $\tilde{u}^h \in \mathfrak{S}^h = \{\tilde{u}^h \in H^p(\Omega) \mid \tilde{u}^h = u_g \text{ in } \Gamma_u\}$ and $\tilde{u} \in \mathfrak{S}^h = \{\tilde{u} \in H^{n>p}(\Omega) \mid \tilde{u} = u_g \text{ in } \Gamma_u\}$ be the B-spline basis of function of different order

$$\|e\|_m = \|\tilde{u}^h - \tilde{u}\|_m \quad (1)$$

The physical mesh obtained in IGA are only end interpolatory to control mesh. In such cases we define control variables where degrees of freedom, boundary conditions and geometry of physical domain are prescribed, unlike nodal variables in FEM. Such description pose issues in imposing strong Dirichlet boundary conditions, see [4, 5]. In the proposed method, the control mesh is obtained by doing recursive sub-division of reference mesh. There by making the physical mesh to exactly interpolate the control mesh. This allows the exact imposition of essential boundary conditions in the classical Iso-Geometric analysis, see Fig. 1. Spring analogy method is used for performing r - refinement. Further, h - and rh - refinement studies are explored.

The numerical examples considered is block under pressure to demonstrate the proposed adaptive strategies. The convergence study made for both h - and rh - refinement are shown in Fig. 2. The studies of adaptive refinement concluded the following points: (a) The point-wise error estimation in Sobolev space indicates convergence of solution with increase in degrees of freedom. (b) The proposed method of h - refinement illustrates a higher rate of convergence. (c)

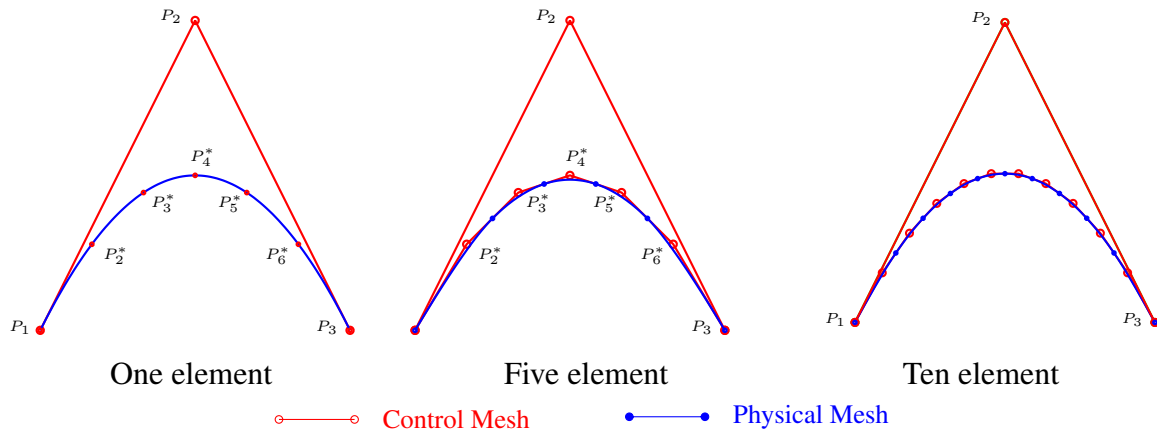


Figure 1: h - refinement in IGA

Spring load method seeks for the geometry of control mesh to follow the geometry of the solution field in order to reduce the error. (d) The rh - refinement shows better rate of convergence than only h - refinement.

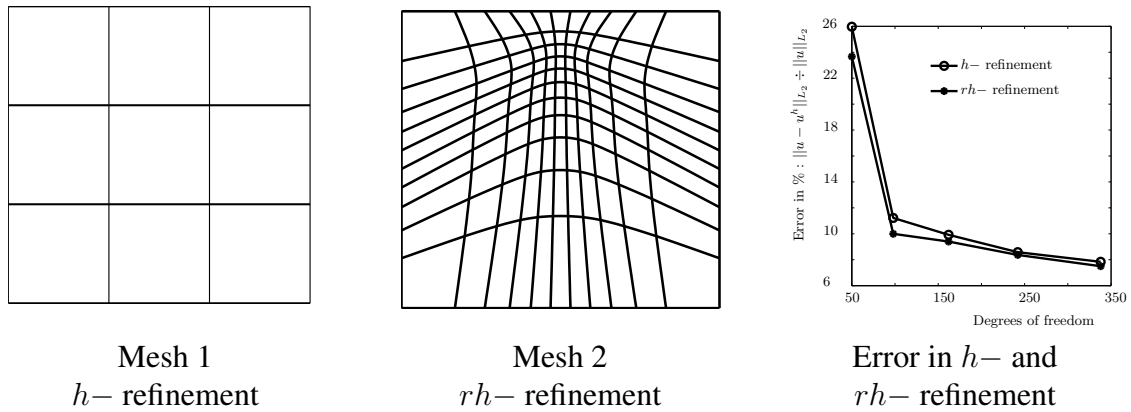


Figure 2: h - and rh - refinement meshes and error plot for block under pressure

REFERENCES

- [1] Fischer P., Klassen M., Mergheim J., Steinmann P. and Muller R. Isogeometric analysis of 2D gradient elasticity. *Computational Mechanics*. 47:325-334 (2011).
- [2] Cottrell J. A., Reali A., Bazilevs Y. and Hughes T. J. R. Isogeometric analysis of structural vibrations. *Computer Methods in Applied Mechanics and Engineering*. 195:5257-5296 (2006).
- [3] Xu G., Mourrain B., Duvigneau R. and Galligo A. A new error assessment method in iso-geometric analysis of 2D heat conduction problems. *Advanced Science Letters*. 4:400-407 (2011).
- [4] Wang D. and Xuan J. An improved NURBS-based isogeometric analysis with enhanced treatment of essential boundary conditions. *Computer Methods in Applied Mechanics and Engineering*. 199:2425-2436 (2010).
- [5] Bazilevs Y. and Hughes T. J. R. Weak imposition of Dirichlet boundary conditions in fluid mechanics. *Computers and Fluids*. 36:12-26 (2010).
- [6] Umesh B. Rajagopal A. Parameterization in Iso-Geometric analysis. *APCOM 2013*. Singapore.